Gel Electrophoresis Basics

Safety tips for making and pouring agarose gels

- 1. Use an Erlenmeyer flask two-three times as large as the amount you are mixing to help prevent boil overs.
- 2. **Prepare buffer**: add powder in the flask, add required amount of distilled or de-ionized water. Swirl to dissolve.
- 3. **Prepare agarose**: Use the agarose tabs, then add 60 ml 1X TBE buffer for Bandit gel electrophoresis (this will depend on your system). Allow tab to dissolve fully before heating. *Important! Use **BUFFER** to make agarose gels, NOT distilled water.
- 4. If using powdered media, measure amount needed. Once a substance is taken out of the stock container, it is not to be put back in. Excess must be discarded. Take LESS than you think you will need.
- 5. Microwave at 30 second intervals until boiling (usually takes 3 rounds). Agarose solution will look very clear with no powder/granules observed.
- 6. Media may also be heated until clear on a low boil on a hot plate, with a stir bar. **Carefully watch for boil overs and scorching!**
- 7. **Always stand while making media**. This helps prevent burns to legs, if molten agarose would be spilled.
- 8. Wait until cool enough to pour (should be very warm, but comfortable to hold in bare hands). Pouring agarose that is too hot can warp trays.
- 9. Place comb near the negative end of the casting tray unless otherwise instructed.
- 10. Never pour unused media down the sink. It will solidify and clog the sink. **Wash glassware immediately** to prevent agarose from solidifying in the glassware, making clean up much more difficult.

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